

**RISK-EFFECTS OF A HUMAN-ALTERED LANDSCAPE:
NUTRITIONAL TRADEOFFS IN
BEHAVIOR OF MULE DEER**

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Living in a Seasonal Environment



What Happens When Human Disturbance is Introduced?



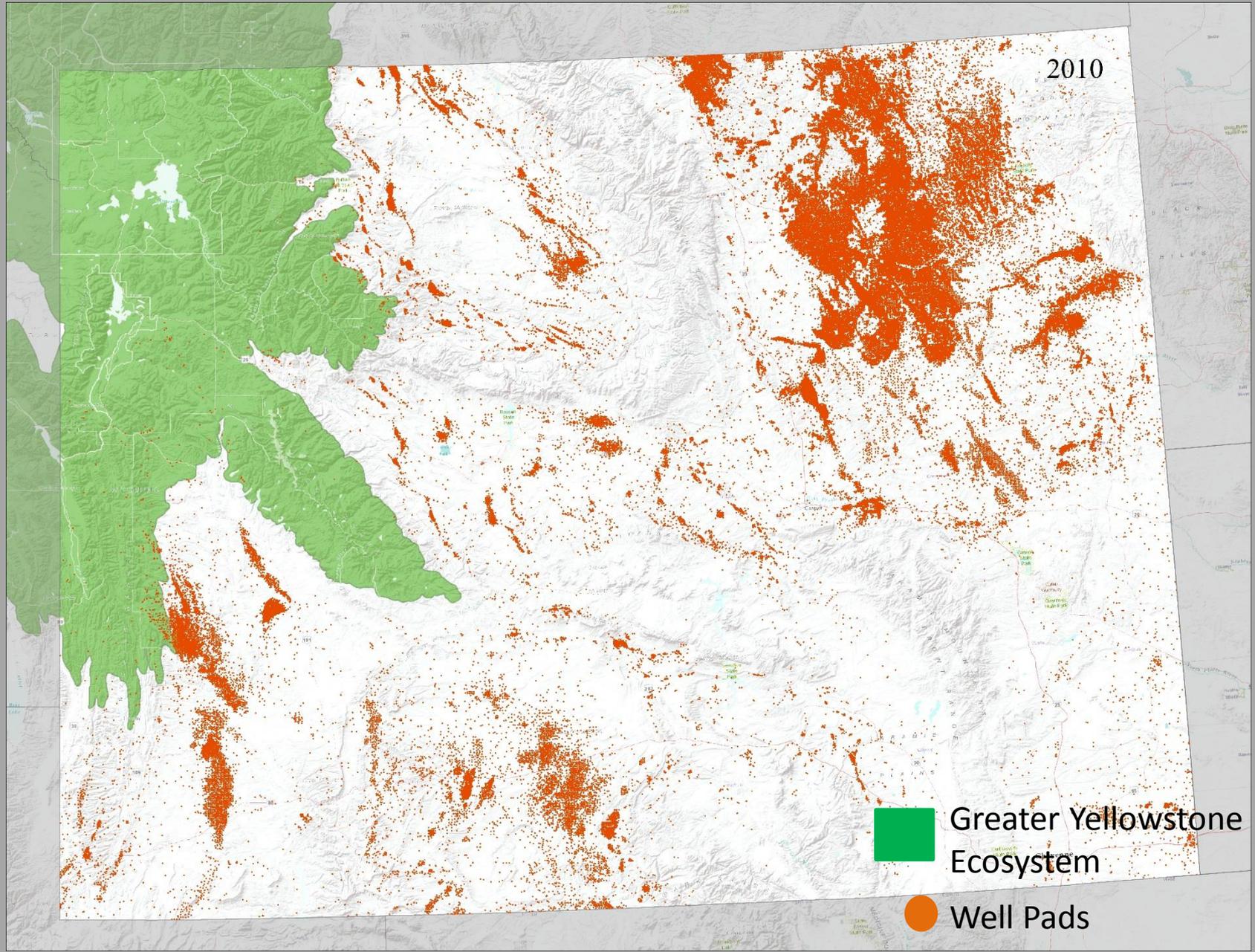
Joe Riis

**Summer
Range**

**Winter
Range**



Energy Development in Wyoming



Energy Development in Wyoming



Risk Effects of Human Disturbance

Perceived Risk



Jonathan B. Armstrong

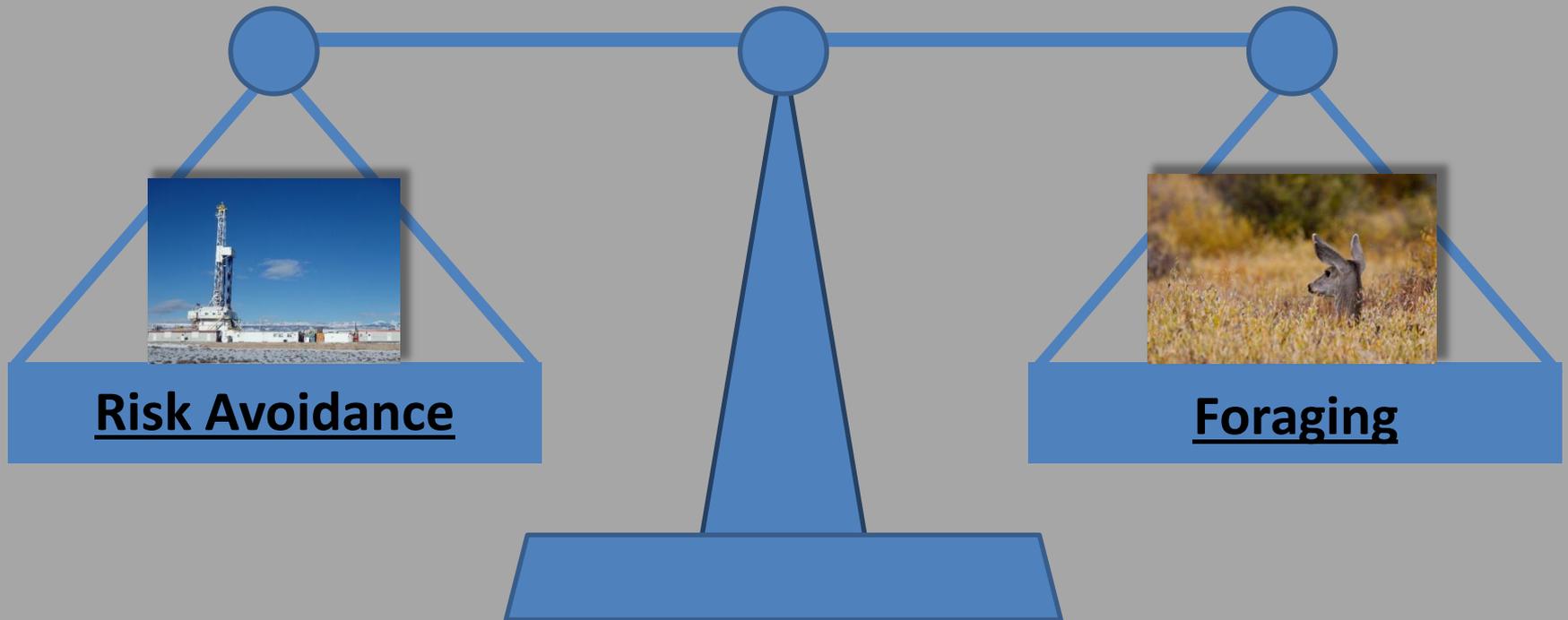


Risk Effects of Human Disturbance

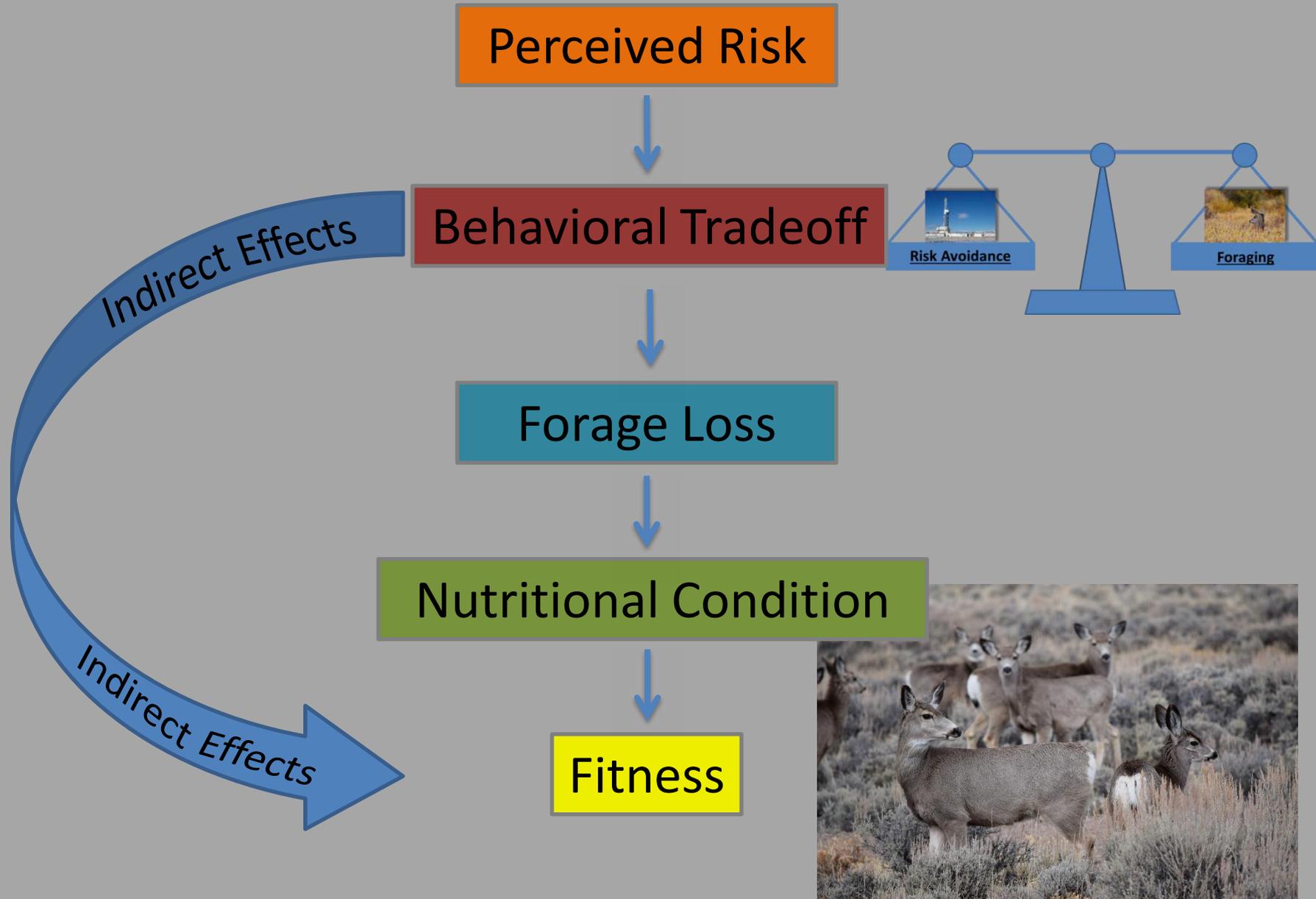
Perceived Risk



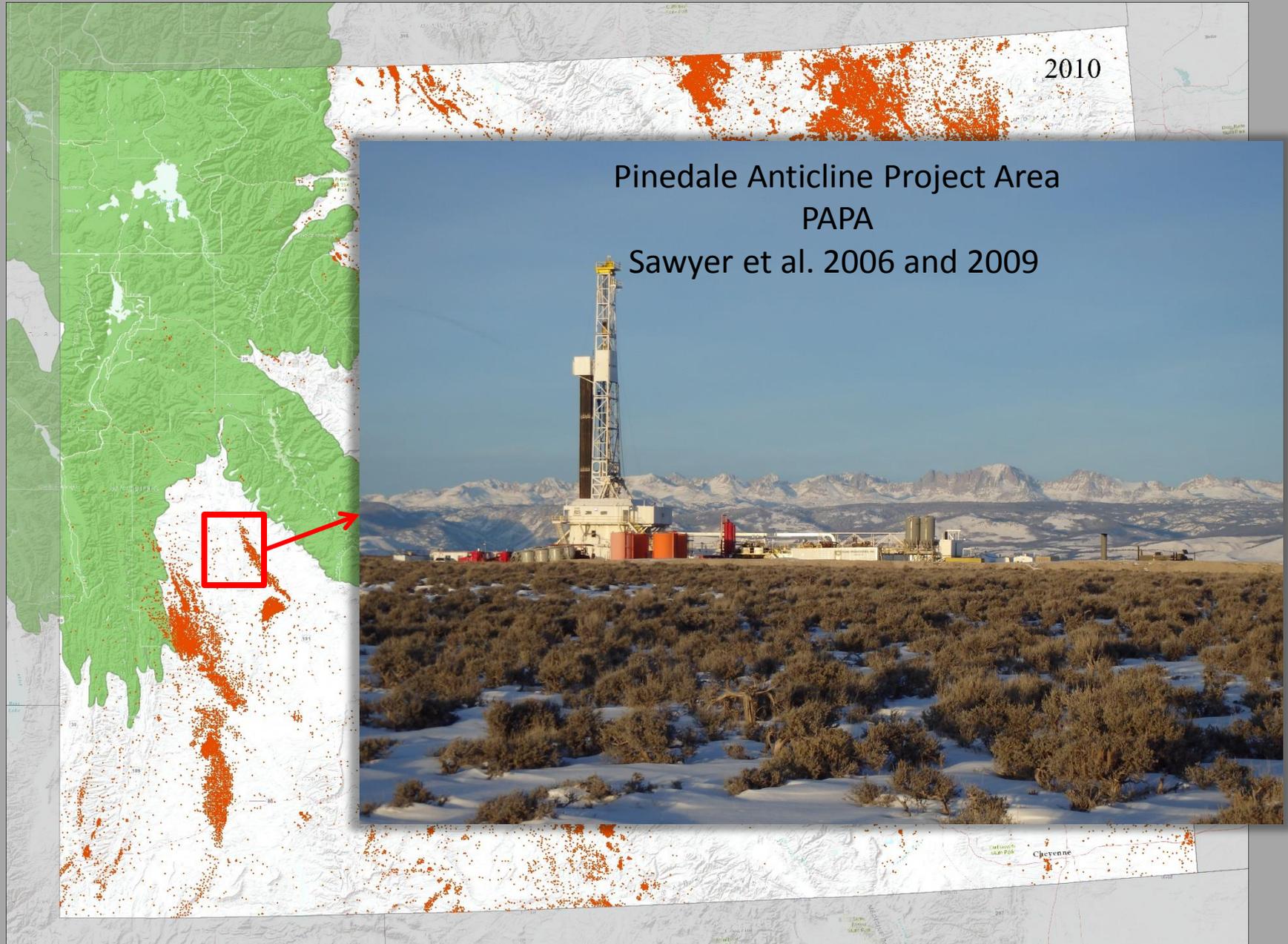
Behavioral Tradeoff



Risk Effects of Human Disturbance

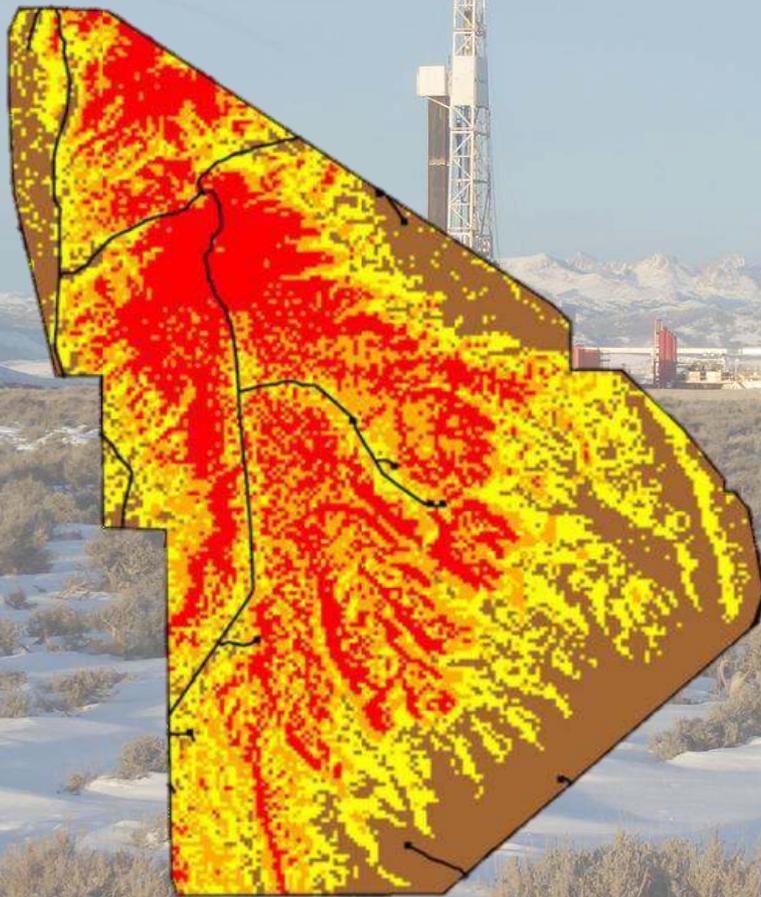


Energy Development in Wyoming

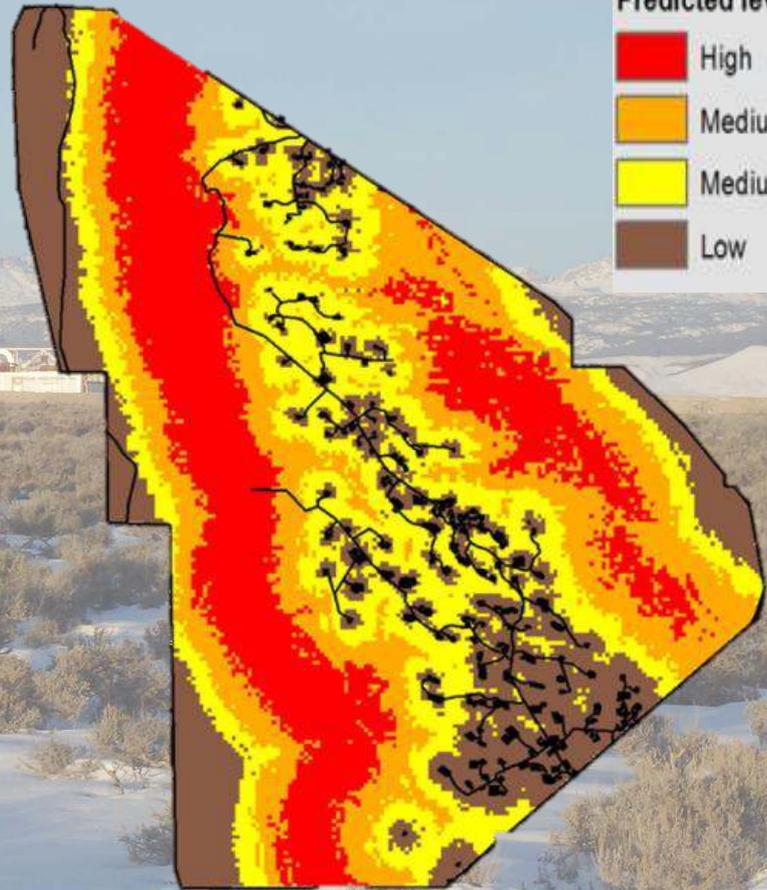


Indirect Habitat Loss

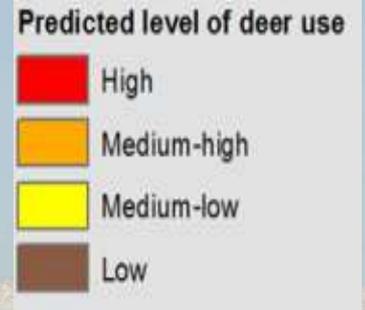
Avoidance of energy development = Indirect Habitat Loss
(i.e., well pads)



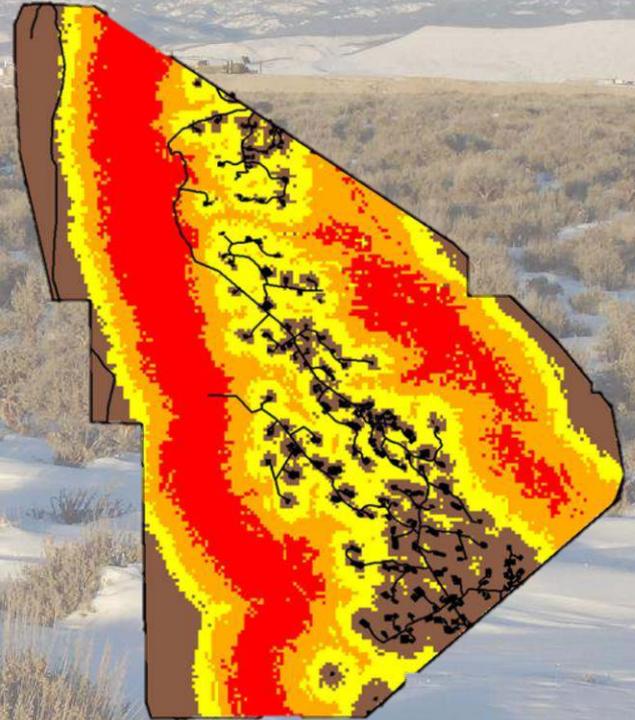
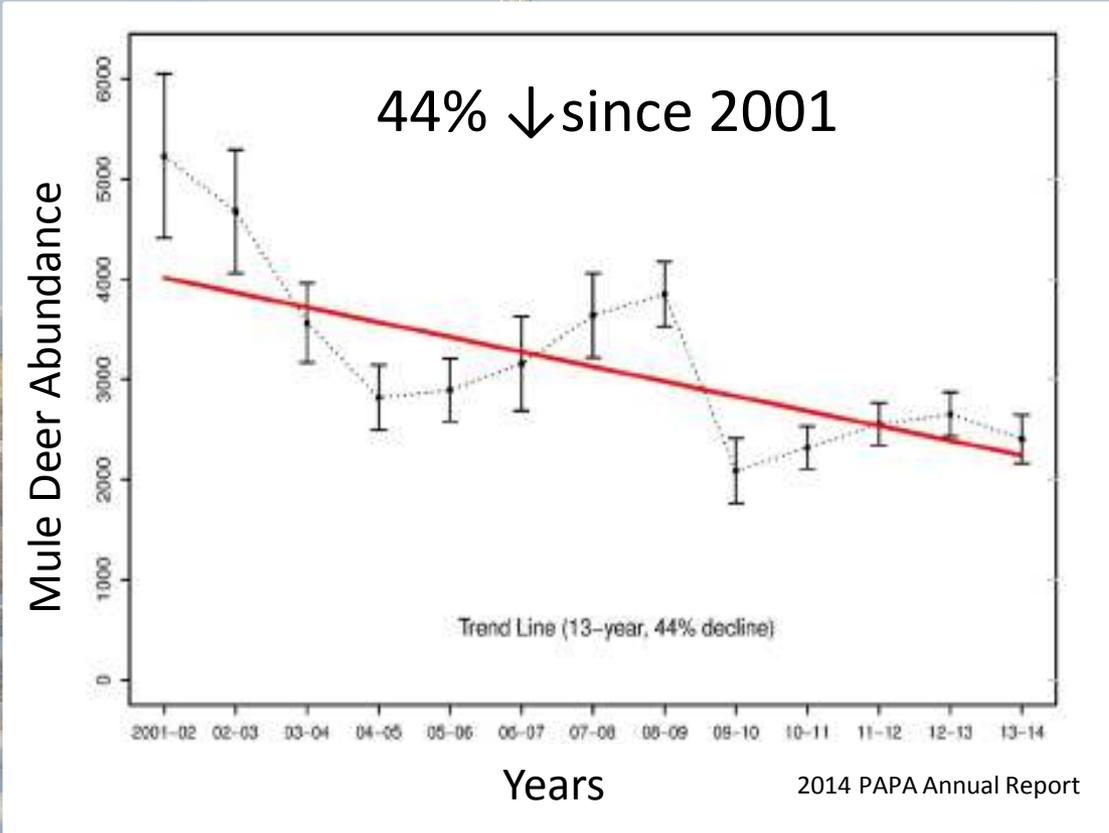
Pre-Development



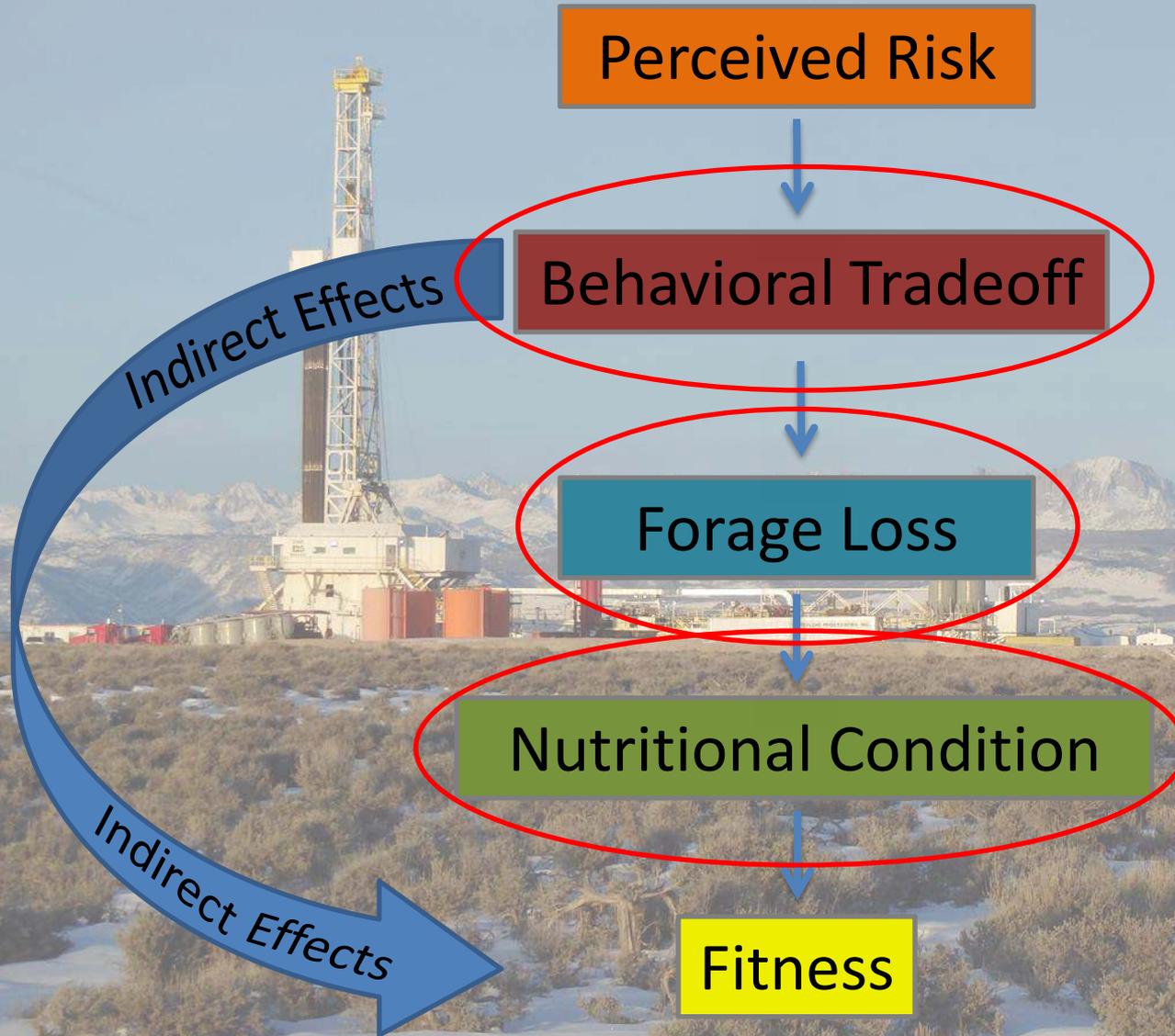
Post-Development



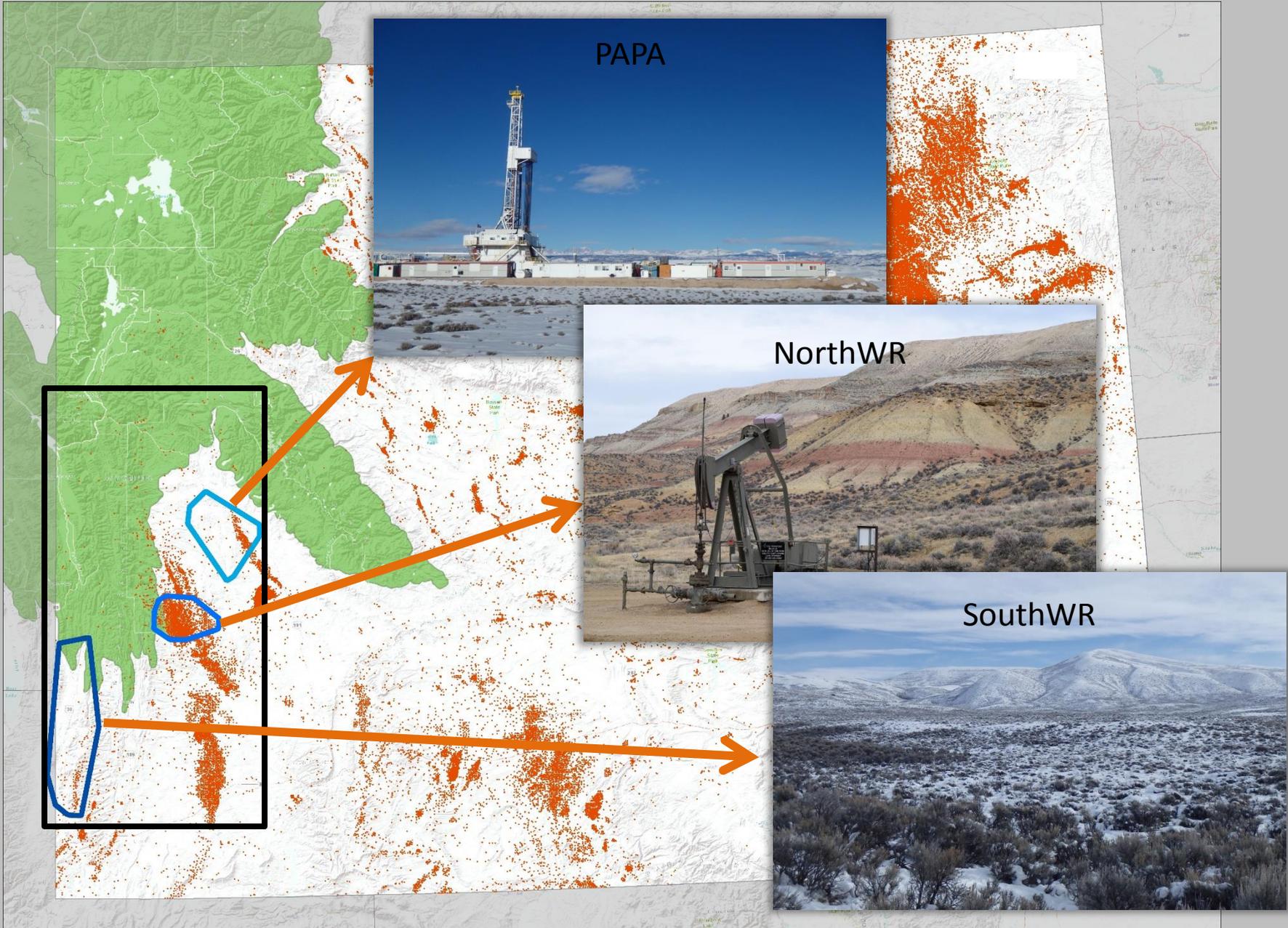
Indirect Habitat Loss



Effects of Human Disturbance

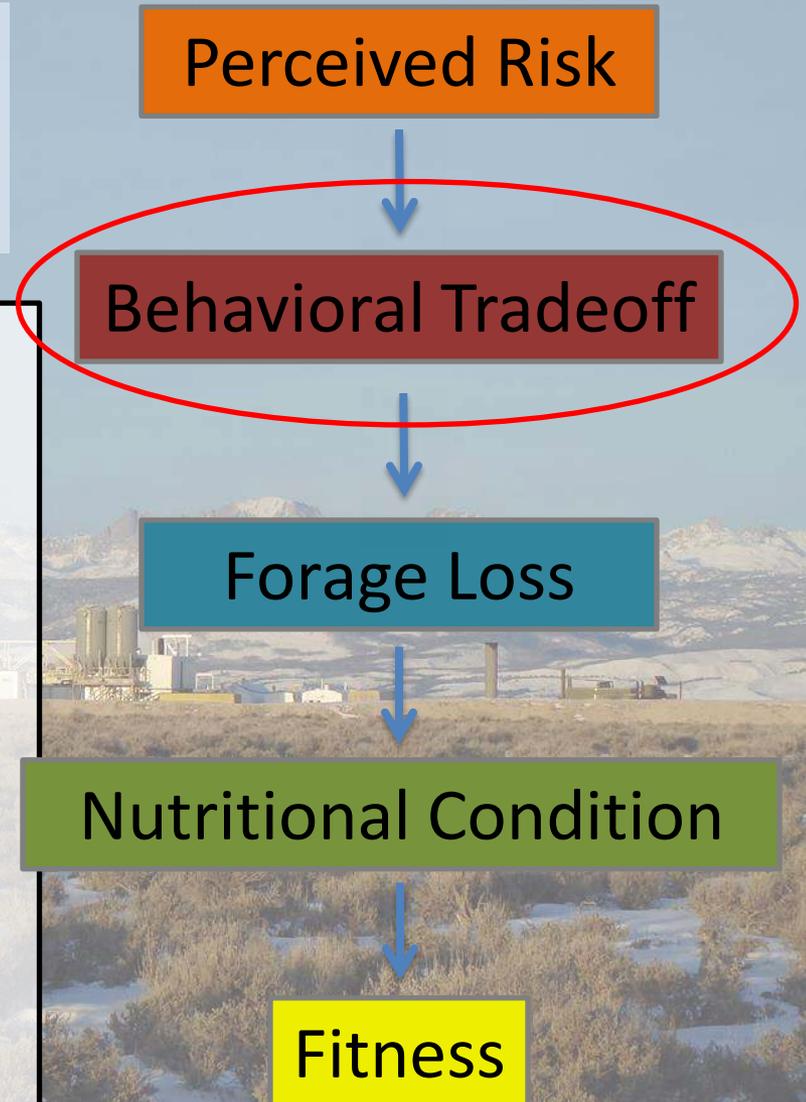
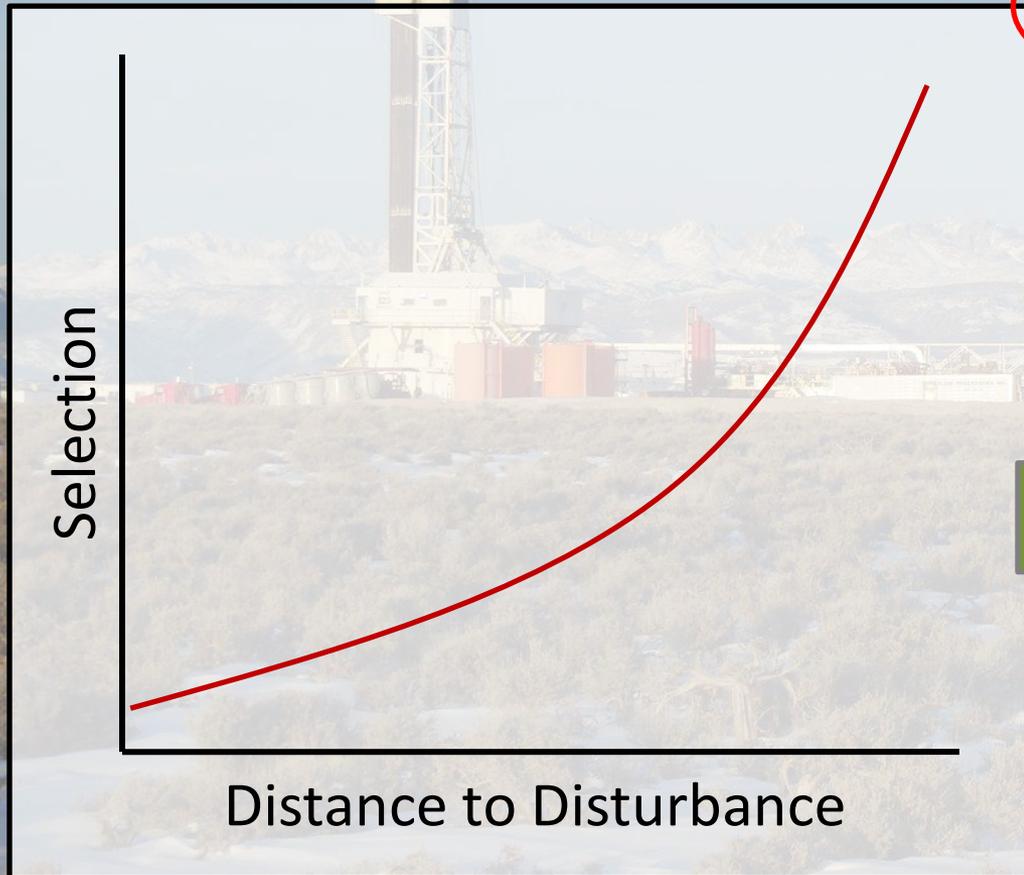


Study Area



Is There a Behavioral Tradeoff?

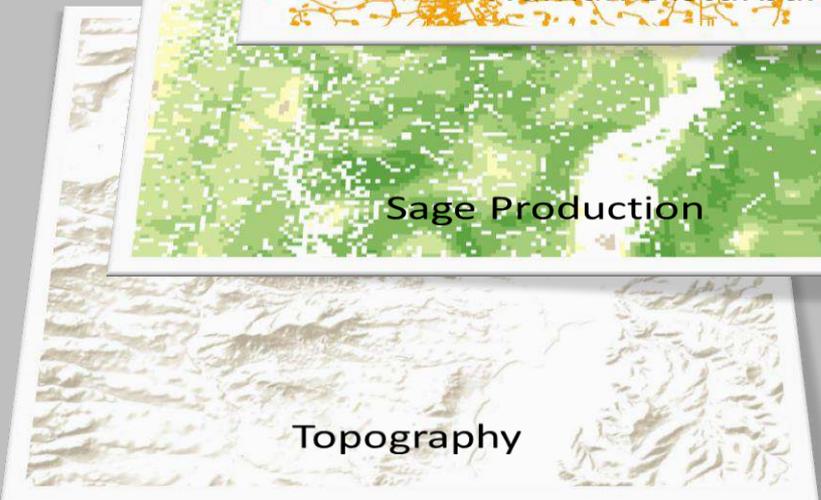
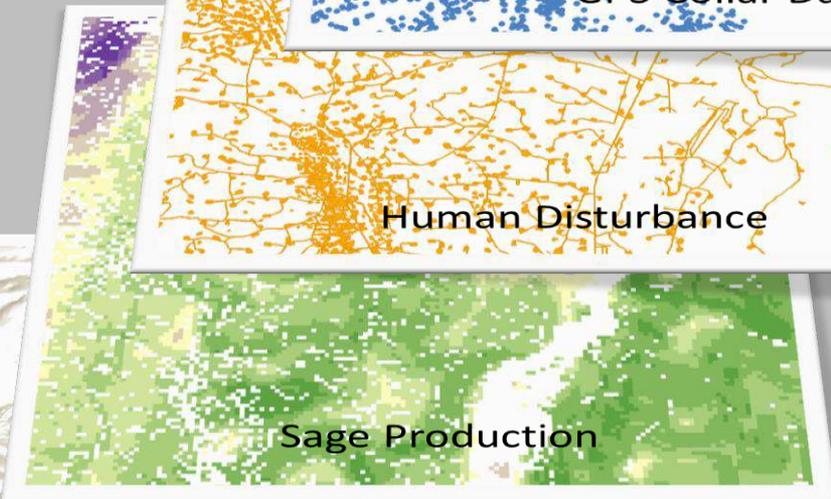
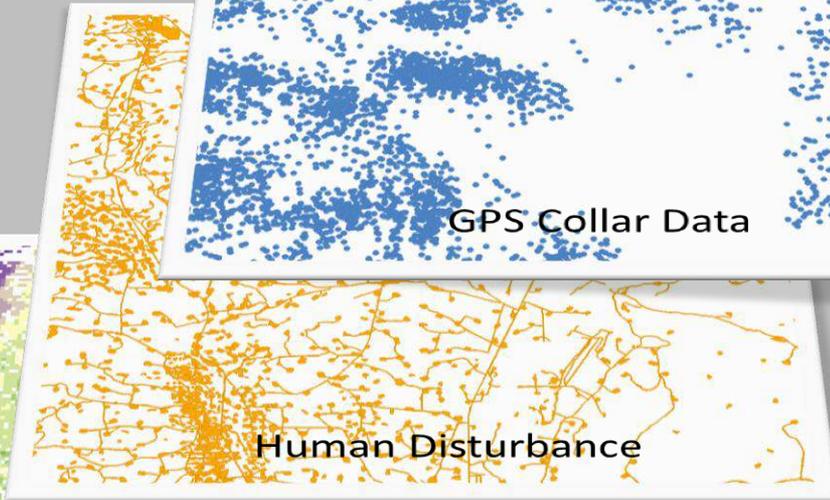
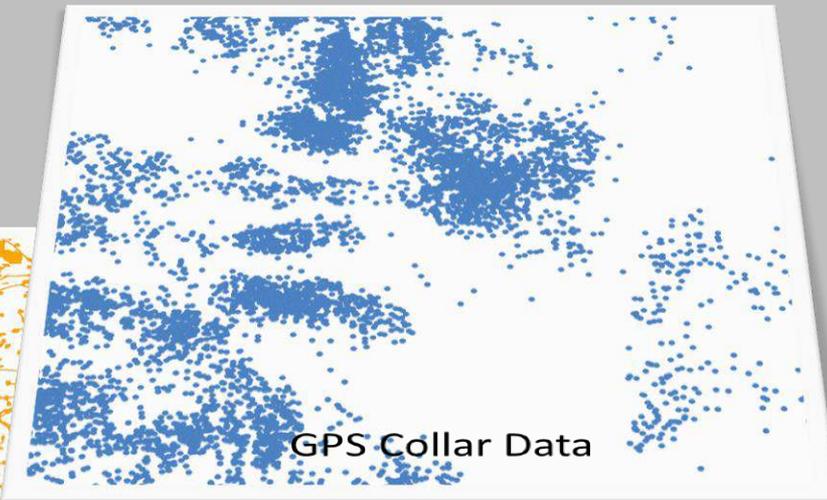
Mule deer will avoid human disturbance regardless of foraging opportunities.



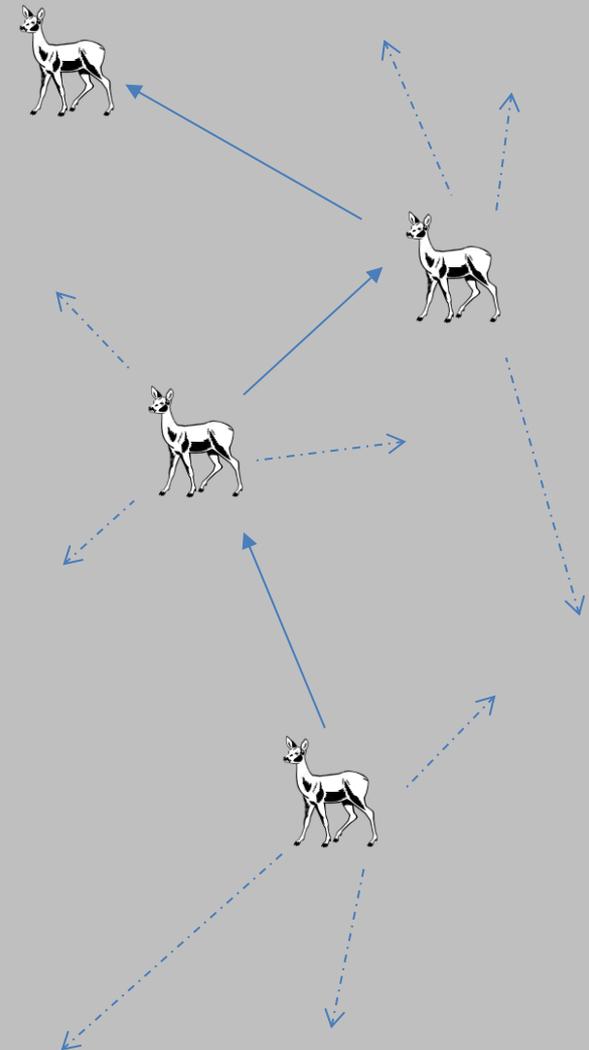
Methods – Behavioral Tradeoff



Methods – Behavioral Tradeoff



Step-Selection Function



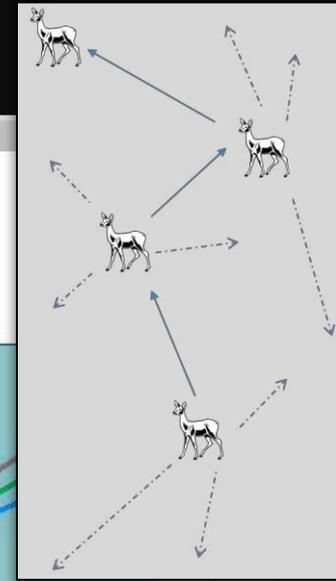
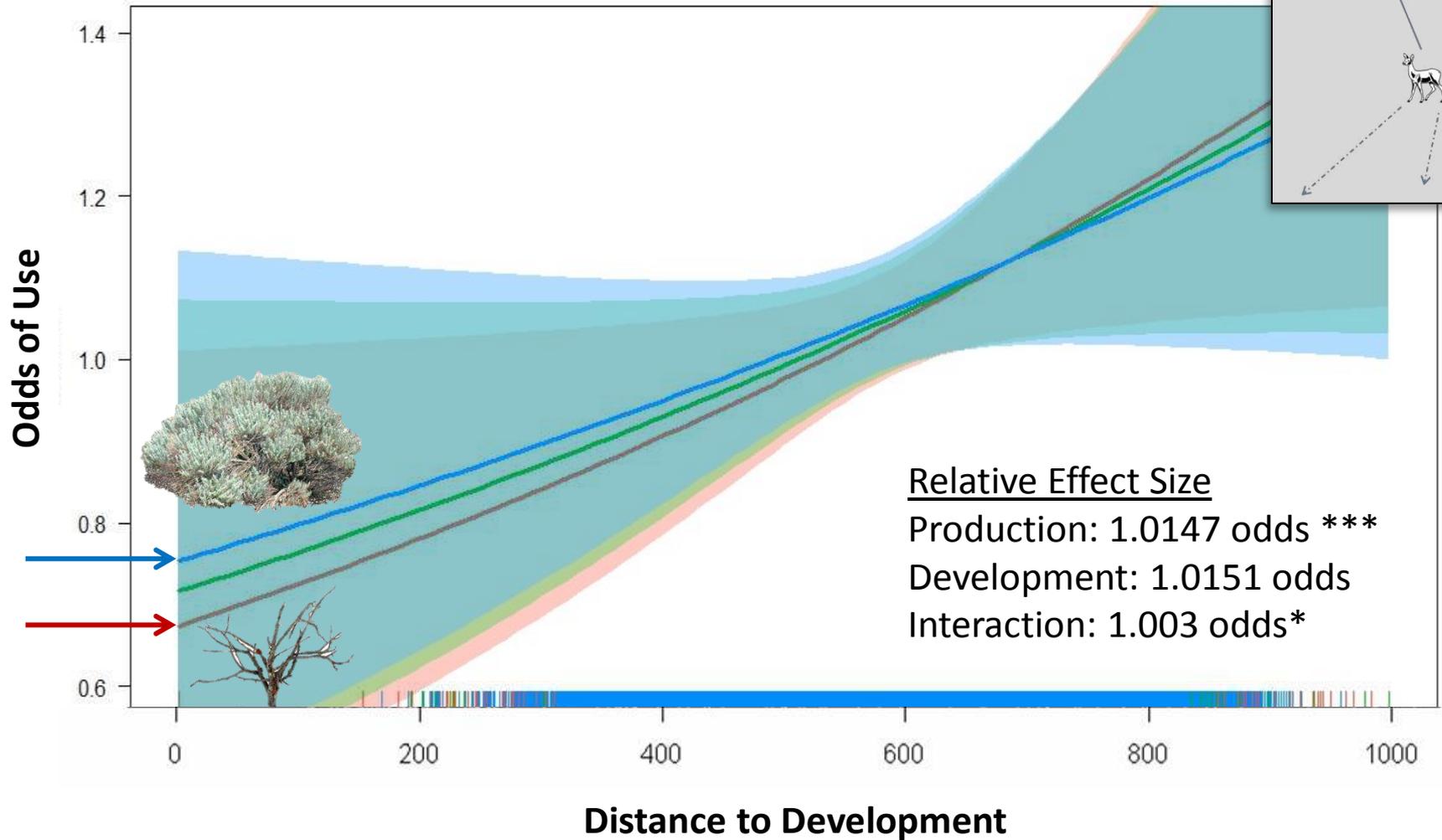
Results –Behavioral Tradeoff

Sage Production

Low

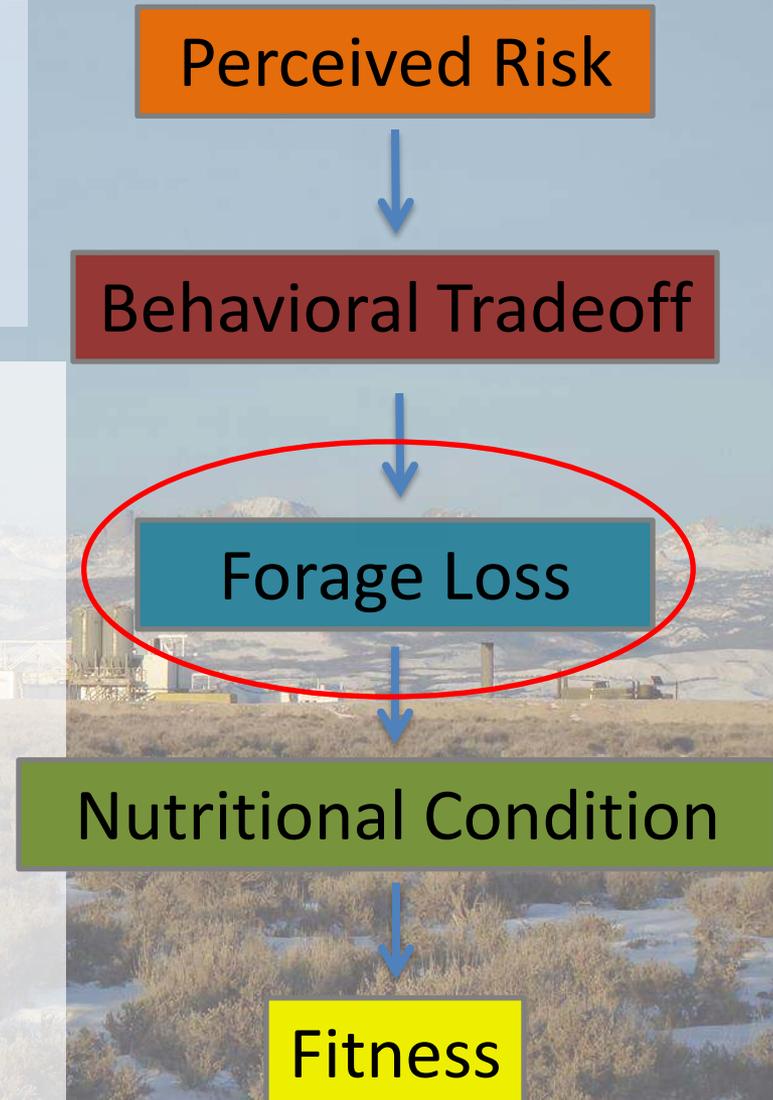
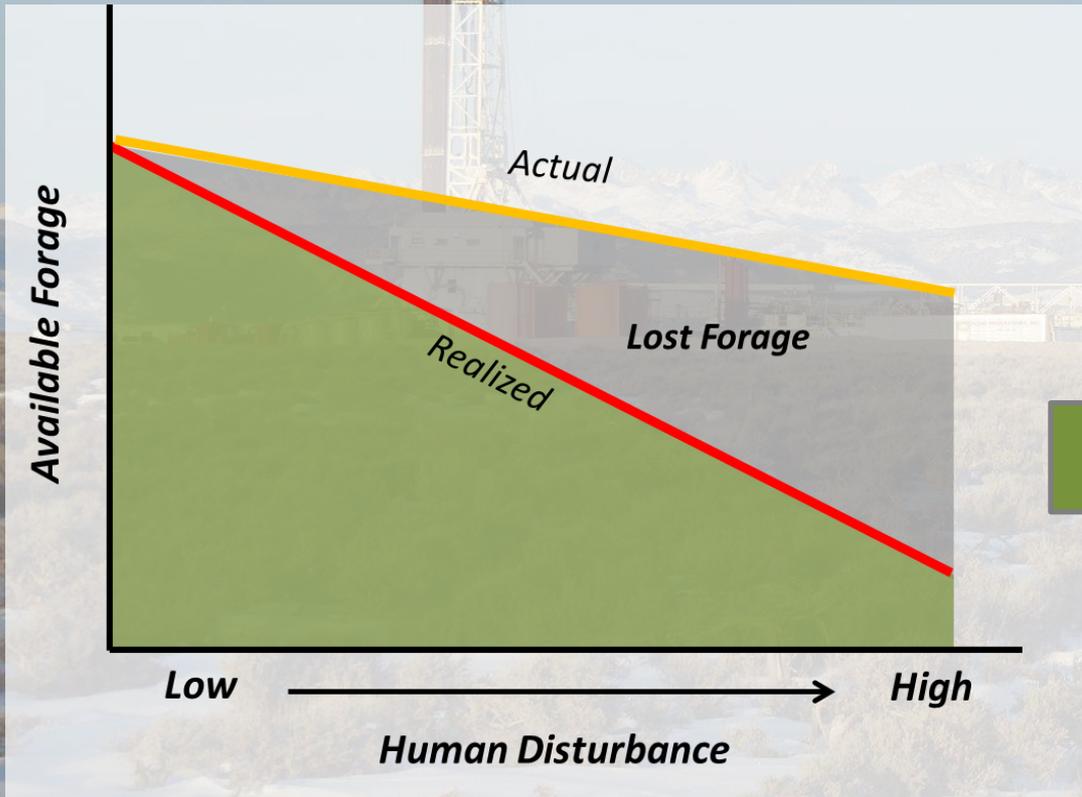
Average

High



Is There a Measureable Loss of Forage?

Avoidance of human disturbance (i.e., indirect habitat loss) will result in lost foraging opportunities on the landscape.



Methods – Forage Loss

Fall

Forage Availability

Sage Production
(i.e., Leader Growth)

Shrub Density
Available Biomass

Forage Quality

Crude Protein
Toxins (PSMs)
Digestibility



Spring

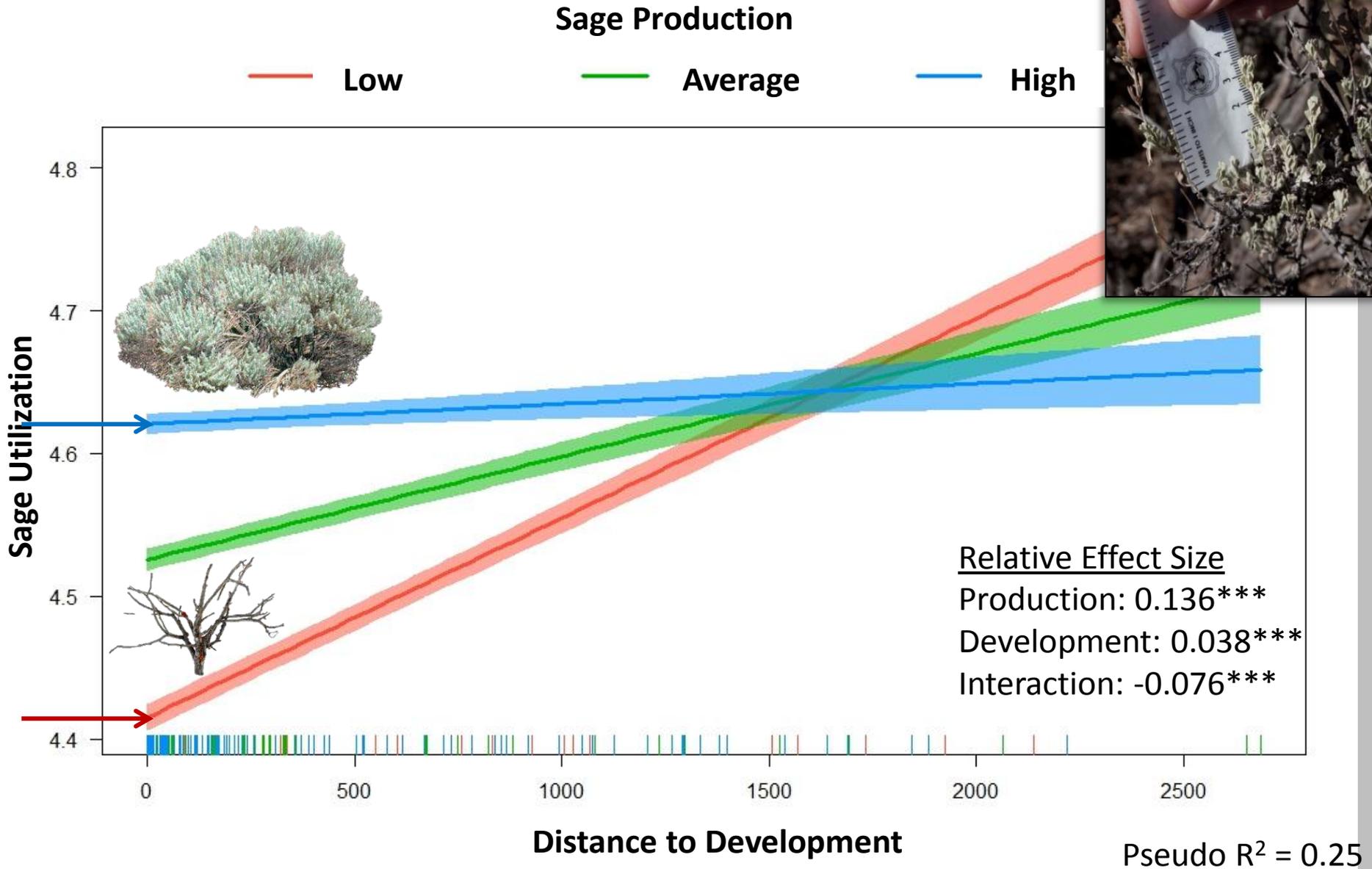
Forage Use

Sage Utilization
(i.e., Count of Leaders Browsed)



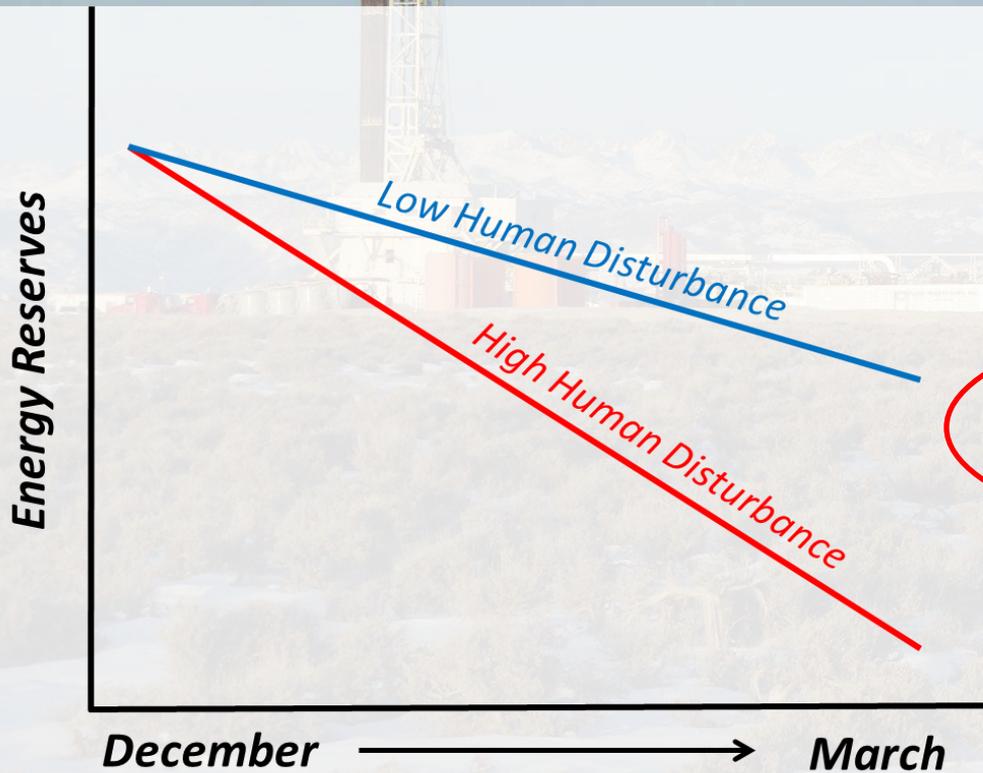
Forage Use ~ Forage Availability/Quality + Topography + Human Disturbance

Results – Forage Loss



Is There a Nutritional Consequence?

Mule deer will lose more fat overwinter when exposed to higher levels of disturbance.



Perceived Risk

Behavioral Tradeoff

Forage Loss

Nutritional Condition

Fitness

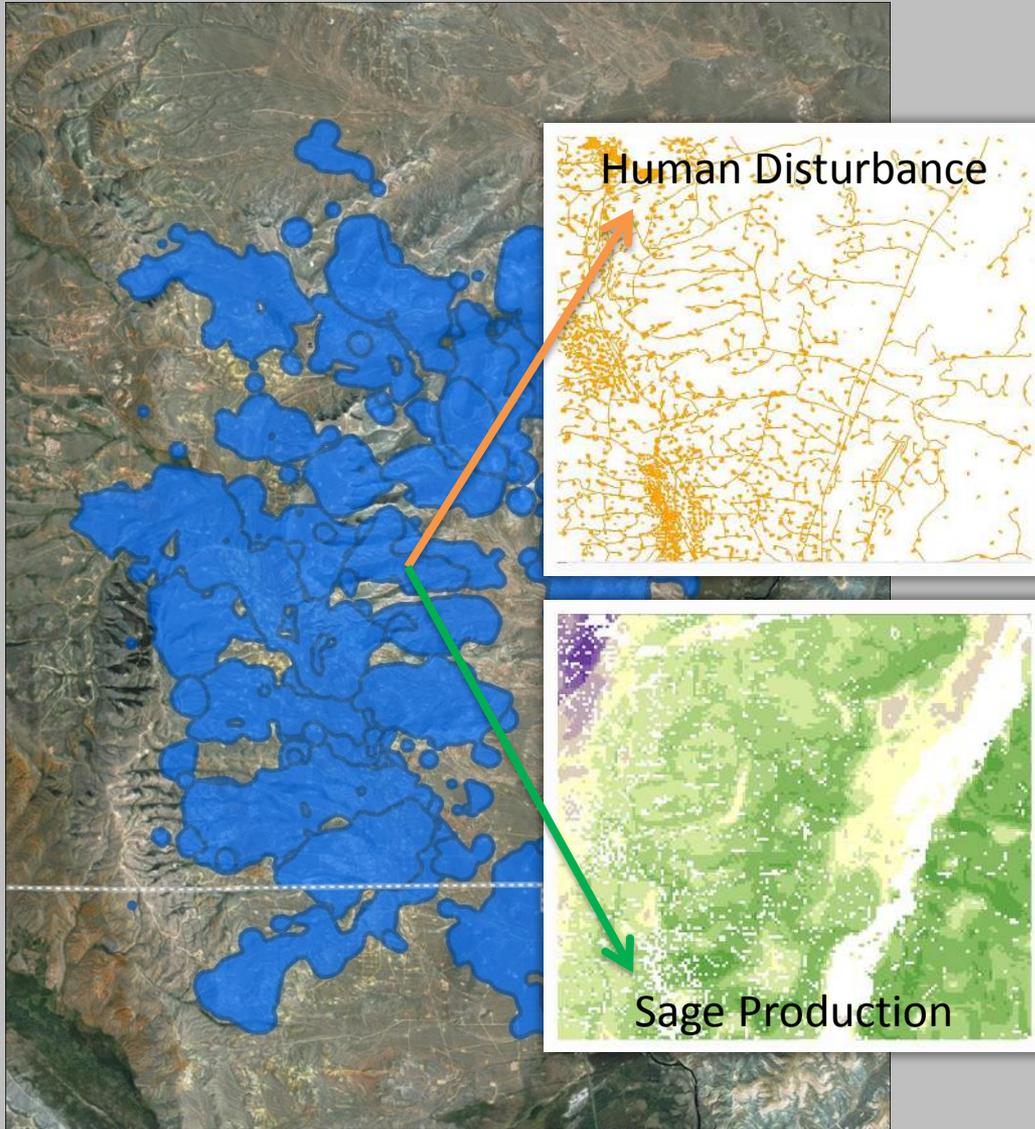
Methods



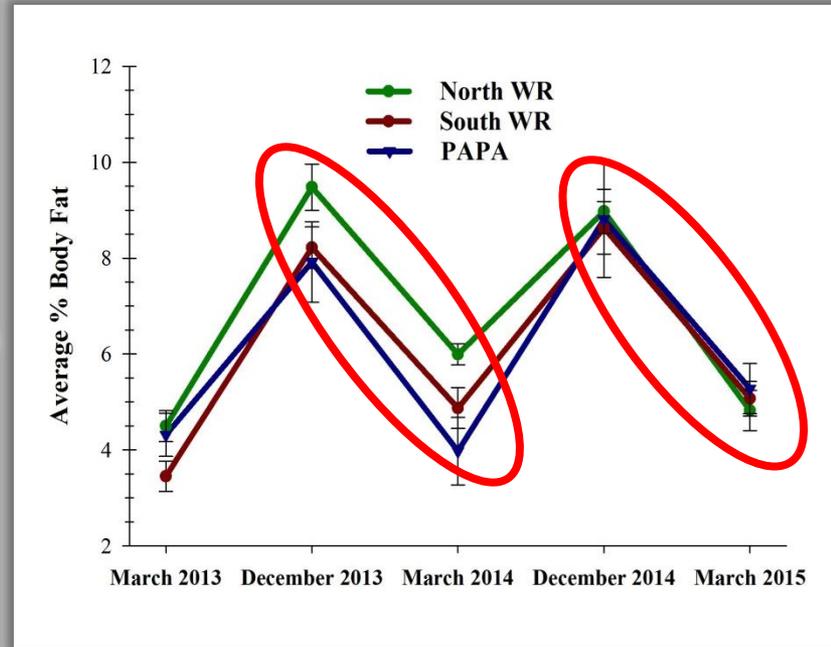
Changes in nutritional condition and reproductive status

Methods – Nutritional Condition

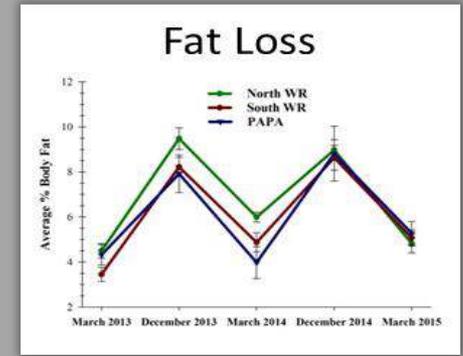
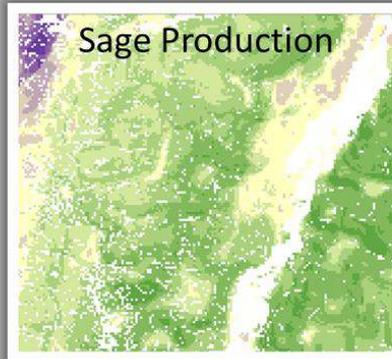
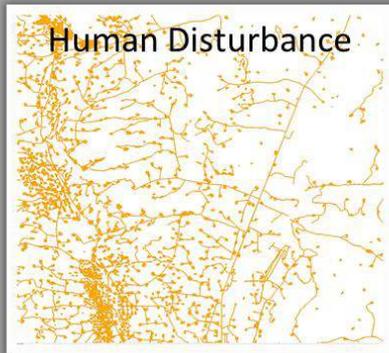
Core Home Ranges



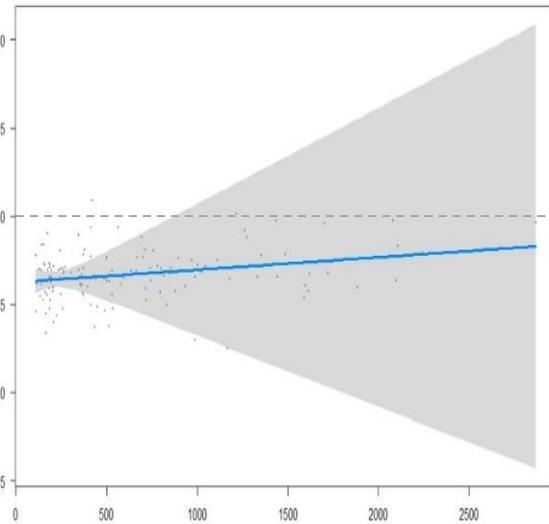
Fat Loss



Results – Nutritional Condition

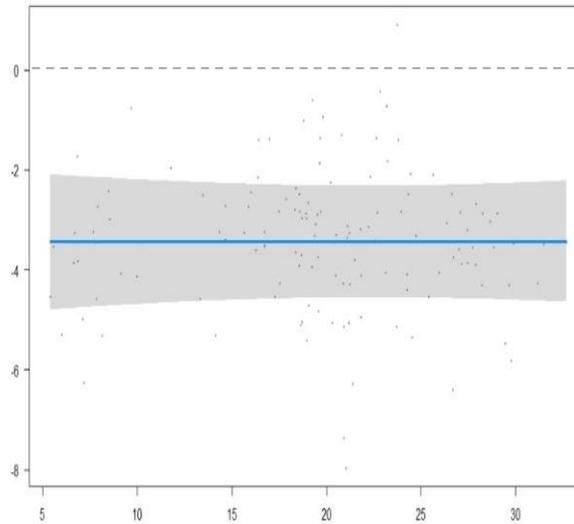


Overwinter Change in Fat



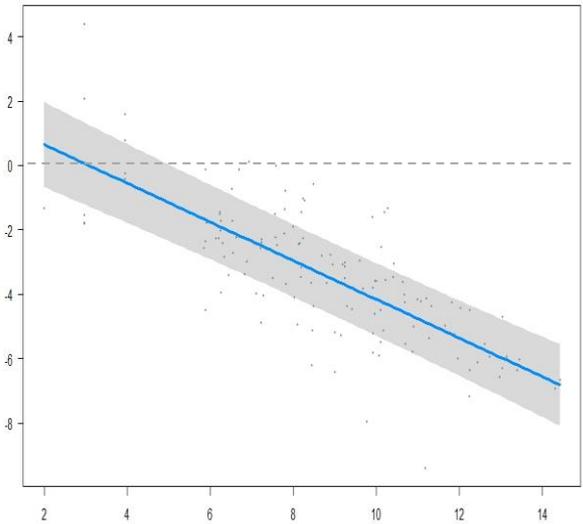
Average Distance to Development

Relative Effect Size
0.388



Average Sage Production

Relative Effect Size
0.003

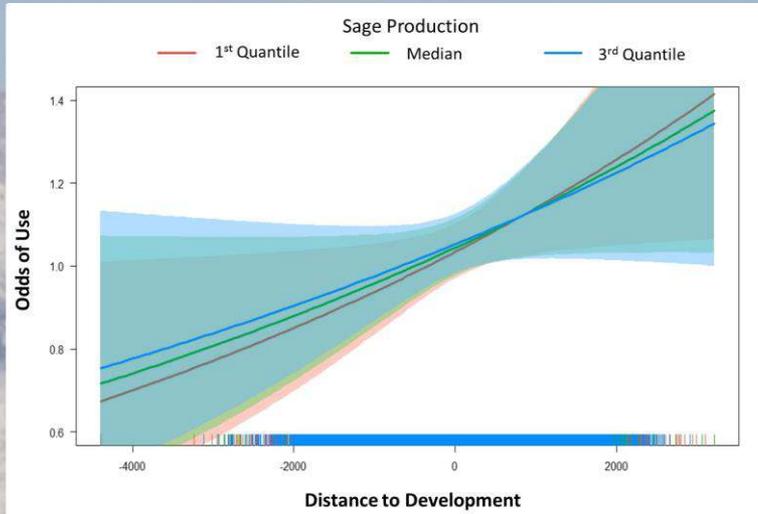


December Fat

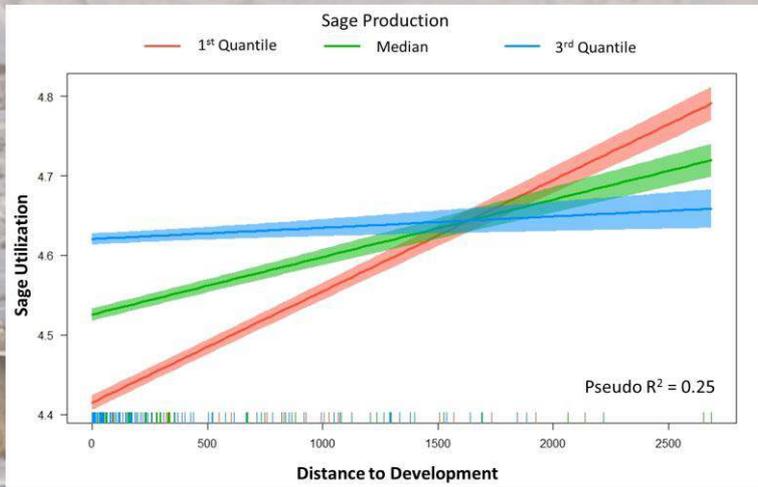
Relative Effect Size
-0.601***

Conclusions

Behavioral Tradeoff



Forage Loss



Perceived Risk

Behavioral Tradeoff ✓

Forage Loss ✓

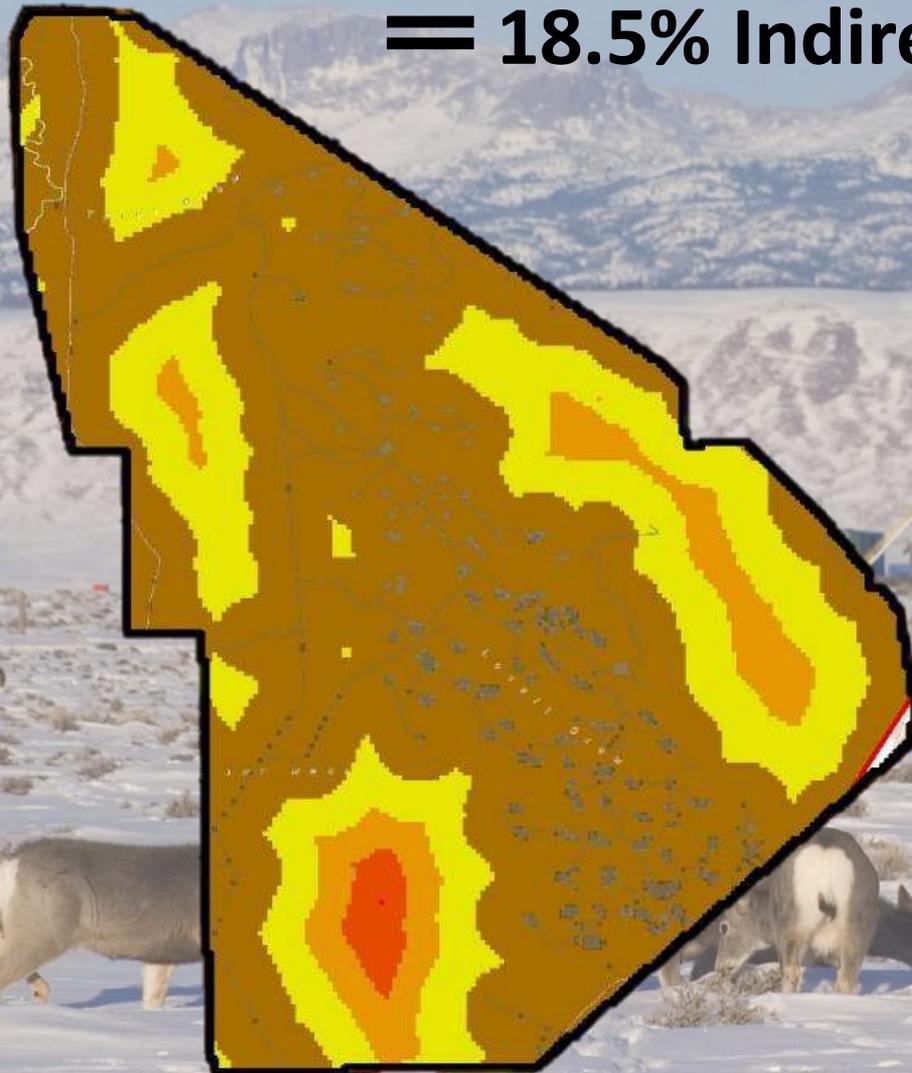
Nutritional Condition

Fitness

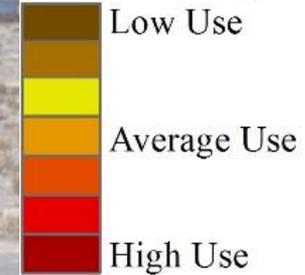
Evidence that there is a reduction in the carrying capacity of these winter ranges

Mark Gocke

**3% Direct Habitat Loss
= 18.5% Indirect Habitat Loss**

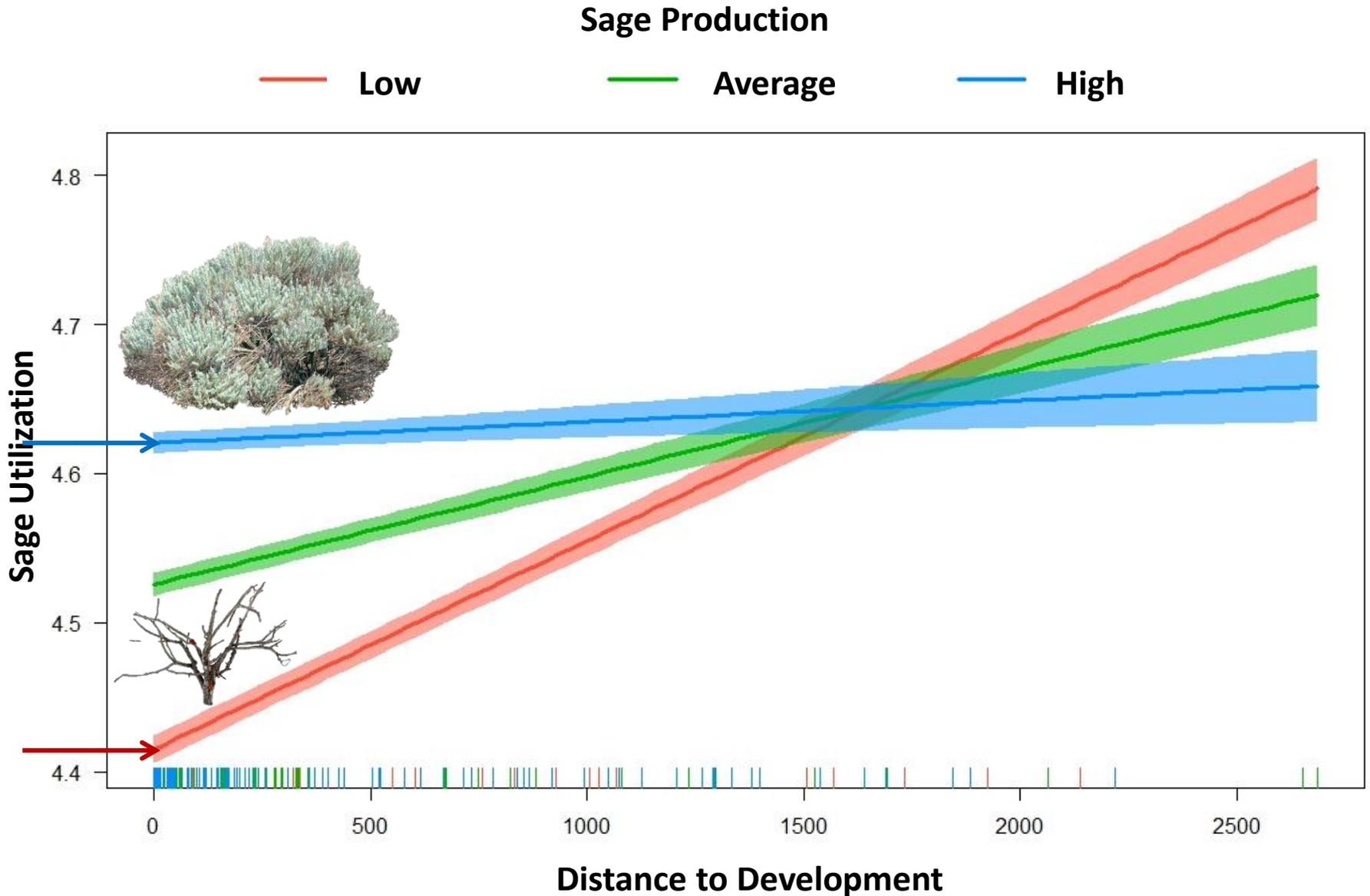


**Predicted Use
With Development**



Mark Gocke

Conclusions



Partners and Funders

Monteith/Kauffman Labmates

Gary Fralick
Jill Randall
Alyson Courtemanch
Neil Hymas
Ben Wise

WGFD

Scott Smith
Adam Hymas
Chris Baird
Jeff Short
Nick Roberts

MFF

Josh Coursey
Joey Faigl

BLM

Rusty Kaiser
Mark Thonhoff
Josh Hemenway

Field Technicians

Anna Ortega
Brian Miller
Jake Behrens
Shawn Opitz
Cole Bleke



Knobloch Family Foundation

